A EUROPEAN CONFERENCE AT PARIS.

A Collision Between Austria and Prussia Anticipated.

## OUR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

The Steamship Germania, from Southampton on March 7, arrived here yesterday with three days later news from Europe.

The Peruvian, City of Cork, the Helvetia, and the Bavaria had all arrived on March 3. The Australasian arrived at Queenstown at 3:30 p. m. on

In the flower of Commons on Monday, Marca 3, in reply to questions, the Chacellor of the Exchequer said that the Reform Bill, of which he had given notice for March 12, would only apply to England and Wales, but he hoped on that day to be able to state what course would be taken with regard to Scotland and Ireland. The returns had been substantially complete for some time past, and would probably be published by Satur-lay.

inner says: The President of the United Strices refused his assent to a bill passed by both and has thus brought the Executive and Legpowers of the Republic into direct collision with her. This exercise of authority he has justified g and elaborate message, of which it is not, we so much to say that it establishes, completely solutely, the wisdom of his decision. The naties concerned an institution long ted as peculiar to the Southern States of on, but the events which have recently trans-Januarea will enable us to understand with lee difficulty the political conflict in America.

Scotland."

The Times says of Fenianism: "The police have been watching and searching all sorts of craft in the Bay of Dublin in the hope of finding Stephens."

A telegram from Dublin of March 5 says: The only Arrests reported to-day are six in Belfast and two in Cork. A sharp look-out is kept on all sea-going research.

property to the value of £2,400,000. Cabinet Council was held on Saturday at the ial residence of the First Lord of the Treasury, in

A telegram from Vienna of March 5 says:

Court Journal says of the Princess Helena: A

A telegram from Vienna of March 5 says:

Tis rumored that Prince Couza has addressed a letter
to the Signitary Powers of the Treaty of Paris, protesting
wald that the 9th of July is the day fixed, and
semony will be performed at the Chapel Royal of
orge, Windsor.

Times says of the Atlantic Cable: A new com-

Figure 1 thinks in Thinks of Prince of Rail Prince

THREE DAYS LATER NEWS. NEWS. NEWS. NEWS. NEWS. NEWS. NEWS.

Vol. XXV....No. 7,783.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 19, 1866.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

FROM LONDON.

France.

In the sitting of the Corps Legislatif, on March 5, the debate on the amendment to the paragraph of the address relating to Algeria was resumed.

M. Berryer pointed out the danger attending the creation of an Arabian empire.

M. Roaher explained that the policy of the Emperor was to put an end to the haired existing between the two nationalities in Algeria, and which was falsely represented as inextinguishable.

After a few words from M. Jules Favre the amendment was rejected and the paragraph was adopted.

The Gestet de France says that the 59th and 71st

prices are lower.

The Bonrse has been heavy, Rentes closed on Monday at 69f, 75 centimes.

The Emperor and Empress of Hungary have left for

Vienna.
In the Lower House the Royal Rescript was referred to a committee of nine members to be reported upon.

Turkey and the Principalities.

A telegram from Vienna of March 4 says:

"Prince Corza has arrived here."

Telegrams received at Vienna from Constantinople seert that the Port has claimed from the significant of the Treaty of Paris authority to intervene in

put forward at Jassy.

Military reënforcements have been dispatched from Bucharest to Jassy, and a military cordon has been established along the frontier line of the Pruth.

The Lebamon.

Advices from Tripoli announce that Dervish-Pasha had arrived in the Lebanon with 10,000 men.

A detachment of Joseph Karam's partisans had defeated two battalions of Turks.

Karam, with his forces, was intrenched at Renachi, awaiting the Turkish army under Dervish-Pasha.

The "Times's" Canard About the Impending Break-up of the Russell Ministry Lords, in

the Government returns were all wrong; and produced counter returns; how Sir George canized Hibernians, much more shrewd, practical, and de temined that their predecessors. They have given up the Lewis argued that the counter returns had not a figure right in them; how Earl Grey, in the House of Bords, insisted that both were equally out, and got a their levels are presented by the strength of t

on in London, in the railway and Gen. Ortega on a Mission to Washington

# FROM PARIS.

Important Dispatch from Mr. Seward on the Mexican Question—Its Conciliations of Tanaulipas by President Juares.

Getty.

A great many deserters from the Imperial army werd crossing the Rio Grance daily.

Gen. Negrete and suite, and a number of Liberal officers are still at Brownsville.

Col. Canales was about 50 miles from Matamoros, on the Monterey road. He had been appointed Governor of Tamaulipas by President Juares. An Important Dispatch from Mr. Seward "Second Love" - Balzac Theories Napoleon's Ministerial Advisers-Temporal Power of the Pope-Personal. Pages March 2, 1866.

I am enabled to inform you of an important fact not yet publicly known in Paris. Mr. Seward's answer to M. Drouyn de Lhuys's dispatch of Jan. 9, has arrived. Although the French Government has

gives the following summer, of the 7th of February:

The news from the Plate since the departure of the French packet is still devoid 'f interest as regards the progress of the war. The only matter of importance is that the Parans had risen so much as to allow the ascent of the heavy iron-clad Brasil, which with threather Brazilian gunbonts had reached Parana on the country. Admiral Tamandaré with four gun 22d of January. Admiral Tamandaré with four gun 22d of January at a war and some flats, was to leave

nglo-Brazilian Times of Rio de Janeiro

Matamores Again to be Attacked-R ported Detent of Imperialists.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 16, 1866.
Advices from Brownsville say that Gen. Ortaga
has gone to Washington to have a consultation on Mexican affairs.
Cortinas has been reinforced by 900 men, and is said

Cortinas has been reinforced by \$00 men, and is said to be marching on Matamoros.

Six thousand Imperialists are also reported to be marching in separate columns toward Matamoros, with the intention of making a simultaneous attack on the Liberals there from various poidts.

Trustworthy Tampico advices to the 10th inst. say that a battle had taken place near there between some French and Liberal guerrillas, wherein the French were defeated, losing 40 men. Tampico was garrisoned by 100 Imperialists, but the town was cut off from communication with the surrounding country by guerrillas, and basis.

Brownsville dates of the 5th inst, say that a vessel the United States, with arms for the Liberals, was tured on the coast of Tamaulipus by a French war wand taden to Beera.

Outrages continue in and near Brownsville.

The Bagdad fillibusters have been released by

Latest Intelligence from the Border-Th Military Forces Along the Frontier General Affaire.

TORONTO, C. W., Saturday, March 17, 1865.

It is reported that a United States Revenue cutter is watching the Fenians off Ogdensburg.

Large redisforcements from England are expected shortly. Some regiments of cavalry are among them.